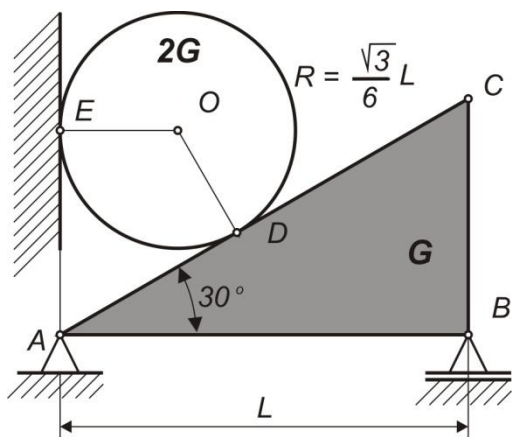


**Zadatak 1**

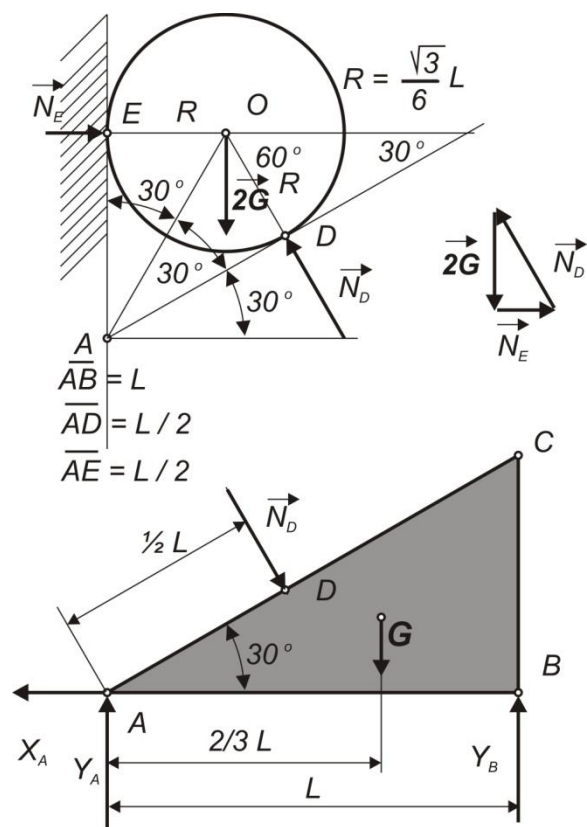


$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AB} &= L \\ \overline{AD} &= L/2 \\ \overline{AE} &= L/2 \end{aligned}$$

Homogena ploča ABC oblika pravouglog trougla, težine  $G$ , čija je strana  $AB=L$ , se oslanja na nepokretan oslonac A i pokretan oslonac B. Homogeni disk težine  $2G$  i poluprečnika  $R = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}L$  oslanja se na stranu AC homogene ploče i na glatki vertikalni zid.

Odrediti reakcije oslonca A i B.

Rešenje:



Za disk

$$\sum X_i = N_E - N_D \cos 60^\circ = 0 \rightarrow N_E$$

$$\sum Y_i = N_D \sin 60^\circ - 2G = 0 \rightarrow N_D$$

$$N_D = \frac{2G}{\sin 60^\circ} = \frac{2G}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

$$N_E = N_D \cos 60^\circ = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}G \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

Za trougaonu ploču:

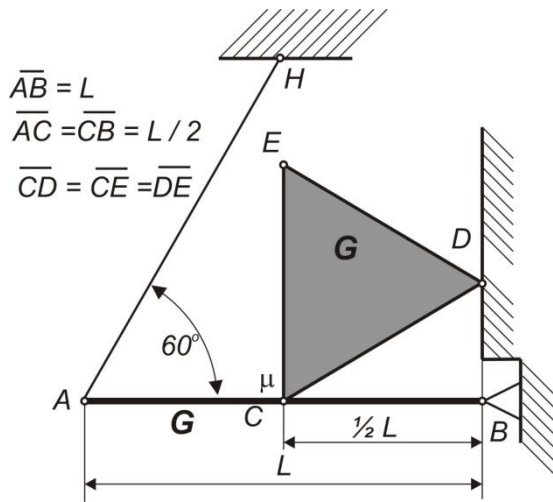
$$\sum X_i = -X_A + N_D \cos 60^\circ = 0 \rightarrow X_A = N_D \cos 60^\circ = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}G \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

$$\sum Y_i = Y_A - N_D \sin 60^\circ - G + Y_B = 0 \rightarrow Y_A$$

$$\sum M_A = N_D \frac{L}{2} + G \cdot \frac{2L}{3} - Y_B \cdot L = 0 \rightarrow Y_B = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}G + G \cdot \frac{2}{3} = (\sqrt{3} + 1) \frac{2}{3}G = \frac{2+2\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

$$Y_A = N_D \sin 60^\circ + G - Y_B = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}G \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + G - \frac{2+2\sqrt{3}}{3}G = \frac{7-2\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

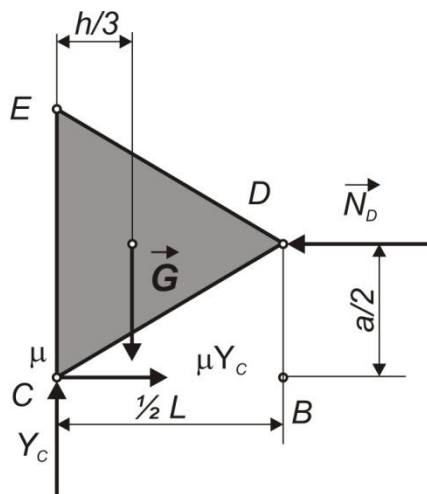
**Zadatak 2**



Sistem krutih tela sastoji se od homogene ploče CDE oblika jednakostraničnog trougla, težine G, koji se oslanja na nepokretan hrapavu gredu AB i na glatki vertikalni zid. Tačka C je na sredini grede AB tako a ploča je postavljena tako da osnovica CE zaklapa ugao od  $90^\circ$  sa gredom, odnosno paralelna je sa vertikalnim glatkim zidom. Gredu u horizontalnom položaju zadržava nerastegljivo uže vezano u tačkama A i H. Uže sa gredom zaklapa ugao od  $60^\circ$ . Na drugom kraju grede AB je oslonjena na nepokretni oslonac B. Sistem je u ravnoteži u prikazanom položaju.

Odrediti reakcije oslonca B, silu u užetu AH i koeficijent trenja između grede i ploče.

Rešenje:



kod jednakostraničnog trougla i sa slike

$$h = \frac{1}{2} L = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow a = \frac{L\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

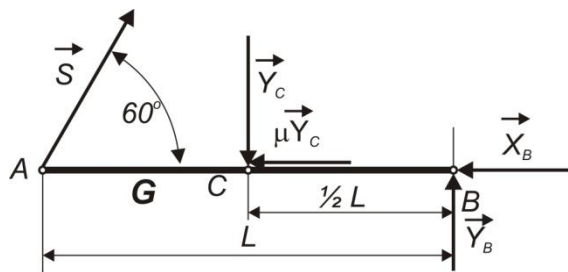
$$\sum X_i = \mu Y_C - N_D = 0 \rightarrow \mu = \frac{N_D}{Y_C}$$

$$\sum Y_i = Y_C - G = 0 \rightarrow Y_C = G$$

$$\sum M_C = -N_D \frac{a}{2} + G \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{L}{2} = 0 \rightarrow N_D$$

$$N_D = \frac{2}{a} \cdot \frac{L}{6} G = \frac{3}{L\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{L}{6} G = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \cdot G$$

$$\mu = \frac{N_D}{Y_C} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} G}{G} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$$



Greda:  $\sum X_i = S \cos 60^\circ - X_B - \mu Y_C = 0$

$$\sum Y_i = Y_B - Y_C + S \sin 60^\circ - G = 0$$

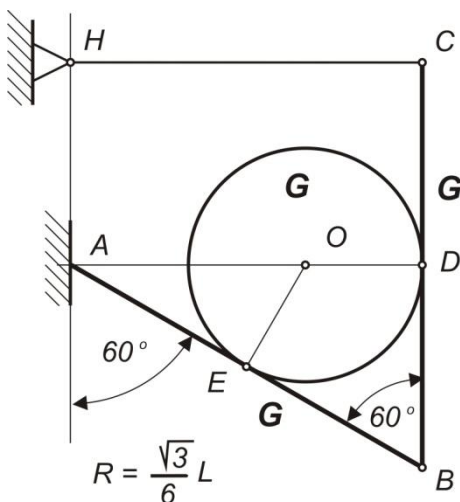
$$\sum M_B = S \sin 60^\circ \cdot L - Y_C \frac{L}{2} - G \frac{L}{2} = 0$$

$$S = \frac{1}{L \sin 60^\circ} \left( Y_C \frac{L}{2} + G \frac{L}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \left( \frac{G}{2} + \frac{G}{2} \right) = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} G$$

$$Y_B = Y_C + G - S \sin 60^\circ = G + G - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} G \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = G$$

$$X_B = S \cos 60^\circ - \mu Y_C = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} G \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \cdot G = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \cdot G$$

**Zadatak 3**



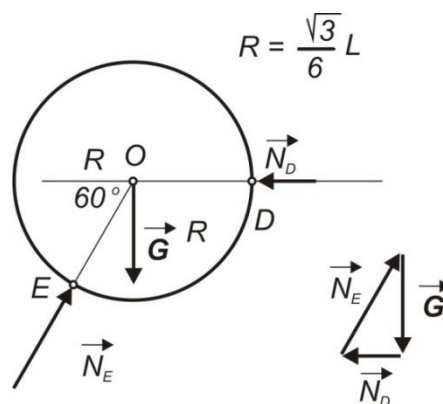
Sistem krutih tela sastoji se od konzole AB dužine L i težine G, grede BC dužine L i težine G, nerastegljivog užeta CH i homogenog diska O, prečnika R i težine G. Disk se oslanja u tačkama E i D koje su sredine grede AB i BC. Greda BC je vertikalna dok konzola AB zaklapa ugao od  $60^\circ$ , uže CH je horizontalno. Konzola i grede su zglibno vezane u tački B a u tački A konzola je uklještena.

Odrediti reakcije oslonca A, silu u užetu AH.

Rešenje:

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AB} &= \overline{BC} = L \\ \overline{BD} &= L/2 \\ \overline{AE} &= L/2 \end{aligned}$$

Za disk



$$\sum X_i = -N_D + N_E \cos 60^\circ = 0 \rightarrow N_D$$

$$\sum Y_i = N_E \sin 60^\circ - G = 0 \rightarrow N_D$$

$$N_E = \frac{G}{\sin 60^\circ} = \frac{G}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

$$N_D = N_E \cos 60^\circ = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}G \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}G$$

Za gredu BC:

$$\sum X_i = N_D - S - X_B = 0$$

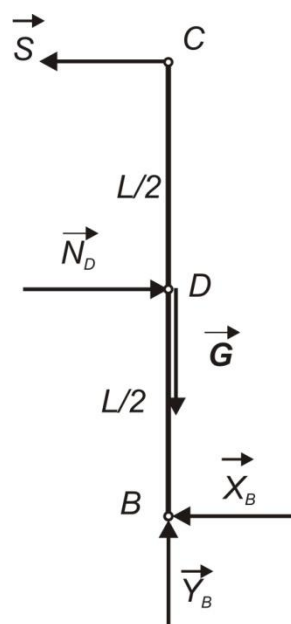
$$\sum Y_i = Y_B - G = 0$$

$$\sum M_C = X_B \cdot L - N_D \cdot \frac{L}{2} = 0$$

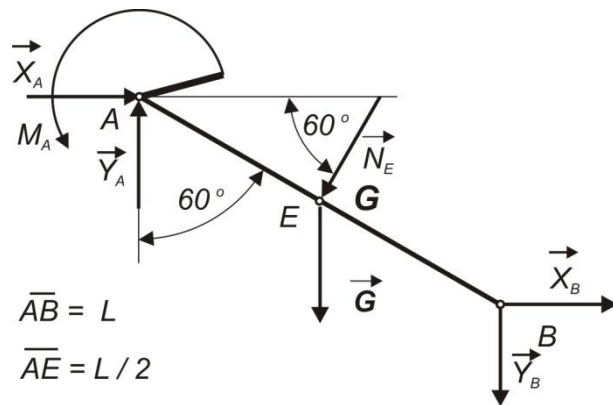
$$X_B = \frac{1}{2}N_D = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}G = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}G$$

$$S = N_D - X_B = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}G - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}G = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}G$$

$$Y_B = G$$



Za konzolu AB:



$$\sum X_i = X_A - N_E \cos 60^\circ + X_B = 0$$

$$\sum Y_i = Y_A - Y_B - N_E \sin 60^\circ - G = 0$$

$$X_A = N_E \cos 60^\circ - X_B = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} G \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} G = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} G$$

$$Y_A = Y_B + N_E \sin 60^\circ + G = G + \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} G \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + G = 3G$$

$$\sum M_A = -M_A + Y_B \cdot L \sin 60^\circ + G \cdot \frac{1}{2} L \sin 60^\circ + N_E \cdot \frac{L}{2} = 0$$

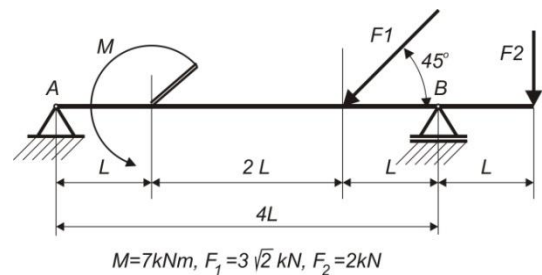
$$M_A = Y_B \cdot L \sin 60^\circ + G \cdot \frac{1}{2} L \sin 60^\circ + N_E \cdot \frac{L}{2} - X_B \cdot L \cos 60^\circ$$

$$M_A = G \cdot L \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + G \cdot \frac{1}{2} L \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \cdot G \cdot \frac{1}{2} L - \frac{1}{2} L \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} G = \frac{6+3+4-1}{12} \sqrt{3} GL$$

$$M_A = \sqrt{3} GL$$

**Zadatak 4.**

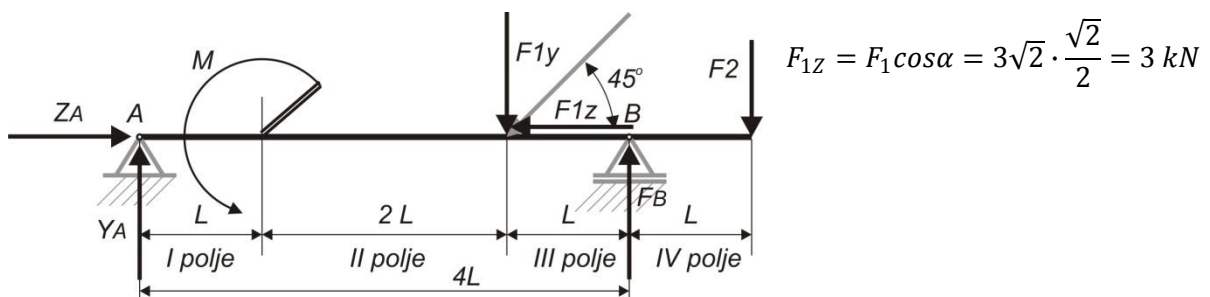
Za gredu sa prepustom prikazanu na slici, odrediti reakcije veza i nacrtati statičke dijagrame: aksijalne sile, transverzalne sile i momenta savijanja, ako su opterećenja raspoređena kao na slici 2.



$$M = 7 \text{ kNm}, F_1 = 3\sqrt{2} \text{ kN}, F_2 = 2 \text{ kN},$$

Dužina grede je 5L, raspon 4L=4m i prepust L=1m, odnosno raspon grede 4L

Rešenje:



$$F_{1Y} = F_1 \sin \alpha = 3\sqrt{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

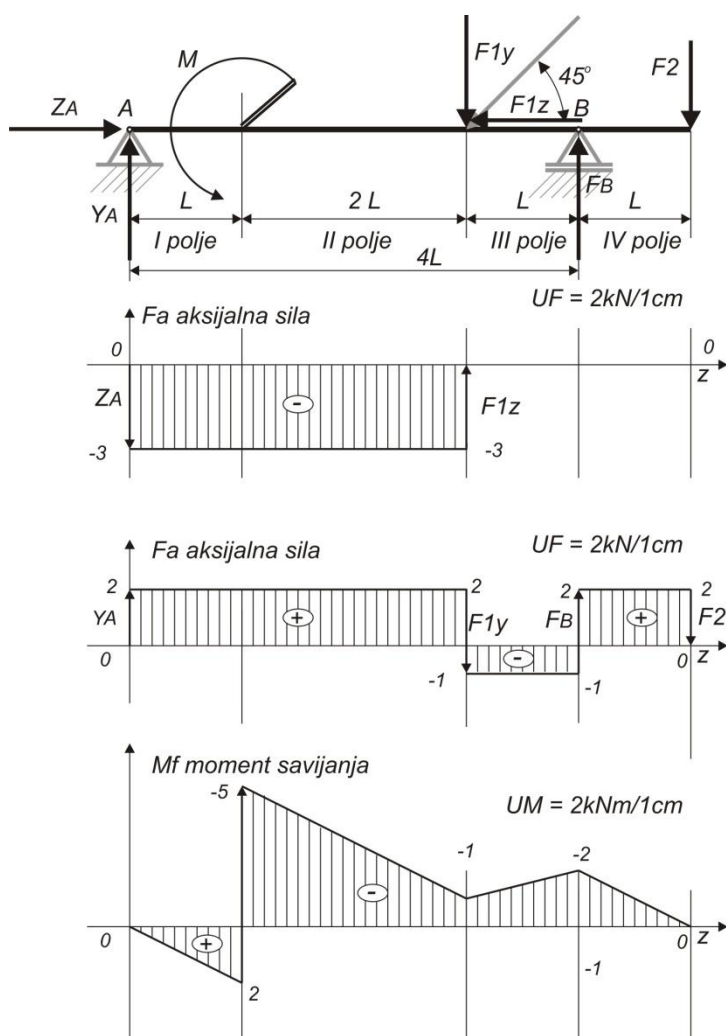
1.  $\sum Z_i = Z_A - F_{1Z} = 0 \rightarrow Z_A = F_{1Z} = 3 \text{ kN}$
2.  $\sum Y_i = Y_A + F_B - F_{1Y} - F_2 = 0 \rightarrow Y_A$
3.  $\sum M_A = -M + 3L \cdot F_{1Y} - 4L \cdot F_B + 5L \cdot F_2 = 0 \rightarrow F_B$

$$F_B = \frac{1}{4L} (-M + 3L \cdot F_{1Y} + 5L \cdot F_2) = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 1} (-7 + 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 2) = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$Y_A = +F_{1Y} + F_2 - F_B = 3 + 2 - 3 = 2 \text{ kN}$$

Provera

$$\sum M_B = 4L \cdot Y_A - M - L \cdot F_{1Y} + L \cdot F_2 = 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 - 7 - 1 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 2 = 0$$



I polje  $0 < z < L$   $L=1\text{m}$

Aksijalna sila  $F_a = -Z_A = -3 \text{ kN}$

Transverzalna sila

$$F_T = +F_A = 2 \text{ kN}$$

Moment savijanja

$$M_f = +F_A \cdot z = 2 \cdot z \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=0} = +F_A \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$M_{fz=L} = F_A \cdot L = 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \text{ kNm}$$

II polje  $L < z < 3L$   $L=1\text{m}$

Aksijalna sila  $F_a = -Z_A = -3 \text{ kN}$

Transverzalna sila

$$F_T = +F_A = 2 \text{ kN}$$

Moment savijanja

$$M_f = +F_A z - M = 2z - 7 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=L} = 2 \cdot 1 - 7 = -5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=3L} = 2 \cdot 3 - 7 = -1 \text{ kNm}$$

III polje  $3L < z < 4L$   $L=1m$

$$\text{Aksijalna sila } F_a = -Z_A + F_{1Z} = -3 + 3 = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Transverzalna sila } F_T = +F_A - F_{1Y} = 2 - 3 = -1 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Moment savijanja } M_f = +F_A \cdot z - M - F_{1Y}(z - 3L) = 2 \cdot z - 7 - 3(z - 3) = -z + 2 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=3L} = -3 + 2 = -1 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=4L} = -4 + 2 = -2 \text{ kNm}$$

IV polje  $4L < z < 5L$   $L=1m$

$$\text{Aksijalna sila } F_a = -Z_A + F_{1Z} = -3 + 3 = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Transverzalna sila } F_T = +F_A - F_{1Y} + F_B = 2 - 3 + 3 = 2 \text{ kN}$$

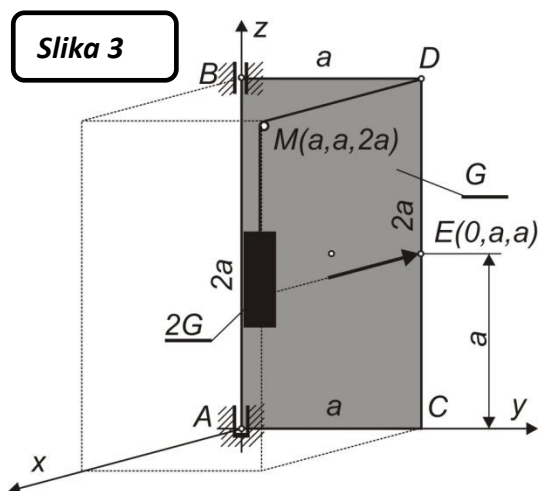
Moment savijanja

$$M_f = +F_A \cdot z - M - F_{1Y}(z - 3L) + F_B(z - 4L) = 2 \cdot z - 7 - 3(z - 3) + 3(z - 4) = 2z - 6 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=4L} = 8 - 10 = -2 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{fz=5L} = 10 - 10 = 0 \text{ kNm}$$

### Zadatak 5.



Pravougaona ploča ABCD težine  $G$ , stranica  $a$  i  $2a$ , leži u vertikalnoj ravni. Vezana je sfernim zglobovom A i cilindričnim zglobovom B. U tački D je vezano uže DM i prebačeno preko kotura M zanemarljivih dimenzija. O užu je okačen teret težine  $2G$ . U tački E na sredini desne ivice ploče deluje horizontalna sila  $F$  normalna na ploču.  $\vec{F} = -F \vec{i}$

Za položaj ravnoteže na slici 3 odrediti reakcije ležišta A i B kao i silu  $F$  kojom se ploča drži u ravnoteži.

Rešenje:

$$\text{Poznata opterećenja: } \vec{G} = (0, 0, -G), \quad \vec{2G} = (0, 0, -2G)$$

$$\text{Nepoznate veličine: } \vec{F}_A = (X_A, Y_A, Z_A) \quad \vec{F}_B = (X_B, Y_B, 0) \quad \vec{F} = -F \vec{i}$$

$$\vec{S}_D = (2G, 0, 0)$$

1.  $\sum X_i = X_A + X_B + S - F = 0$
2.  $\sum Y_i = Y_A + Y_B = 0$
3.  $\sum Z_i = Z_A - G = 0$
4.  $\sum M_x = -Y_B \cdot 2a - G \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 0$
5.  $\sum M_y = X_B \cdot 2a + S \cdot 2a - F \cdot a = 0$
6.  $\sum M_z = -S \cdot a + F \cdot a = 0$

$$6) \rightarrow F = S = 2G$$

$$5) \rightarrow X_B = \frac{1}{2a}(F \cdot a - S \cdot 2a) = \frac{1}{2}(2G - 4G) = -G$$

$$4) \rightarrow Y_B = \frac{1}{4}G$$

$$3) \rightarrow Z_A = G$$

$$2) \rightarrow Y_A = -Y_B = -\frac{1}{4}G$$

$$1) \rightarrow X_A = F - S - X_B = 2G - 2G + G = G$$

$$\vec{F}_A = \left(G, -\frac{1}{4}G, G\right)$$

$$F_A = \sqrt{G^2 + \left(\frac{1}{4}G\right)^2 + G^2} = \frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}G$$

$$\vec{F}_B = \left(-G, \frac{1}{4}G, 0\right)$$

$$F_B = \sqrt{G^2 + \left(\frac{1}{4}G\right)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{17}}{4}G$$